In what follows, \( \alpha/\beta \) indicates putting \( \alpha \) for all occurrences of \( \beta \), and \( \alpha/\beta \) indicates putting \( \alpha \) for some occurrences of \( \beta \).

**Reference Sheet 4.4.**
**Rules of Quantificational Logic**

In what follows, \( \alpha/\beta \) indicates putting \( \alpha \) for all occurrences of \( \beta \), and \( \alpha/\beta \) indicates putting \( \alpha \) for some occurrences of \( \beta \).